GCSE Biology



Enzymes - How They Work

1 Define the term 'catalyst'

A catalyst is a substance which increases the speed of a reaction without being changed or used up in the process

2 What is the difference between a catalyst and an enzyme?

An enzyme is a special type of catalyst made by living organisms.

[1 mark]

[2 marks]

3 Name two models of enzyme action and state the difference between them.

Lock and key model

Induced fit model

The lock and key model suggests that the substrate <u>perfectly fits the active site</u>, while the induced fit model suggests that the binding of the enzyme and substrate <u>induces a shape change so that they fit together better</u>.

4 Which of the two models is more accurate?

Induced fit model

[1 mark]

[4 marks]

5 The diagram below shows an enzyme. Name the area labelled 'A' and state the general name of the molecule that would fit there.



A - Active site Molecule that fits in A - Substrate [2 marks]

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4 Consider the following sentences and mark them as true 'T', or false 'F'

| F | A single enzyme is able to catalyse a variety of different types of reactions |
|---|--|
| Т | Enzymes are made from long chains of amino acids |
| Т | A single enzyme can catalyse the same reaction multiple times in its life |
| F | Enzymes are completely rigid, unless the substrate fits the active site 100% perfectly, the enzyme will not catalyse the reactions |
| | [4 marks] |

[Total - 14 mark]